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# The People's Press.

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The People's Press.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM,
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## Learning his Value.

Mr. Marcus Wilkinson sat alone in his office, with a dainty little perfumed note between his fingers, and a puzzled frown upon his brow. The note, directed in a graceful feminine hand, was brief:

DEAR GUARDIAN: I will be at the office at 10 in the morning to consult you upon a matter of importance.

MILLIE.

"A matter of importance," muttered Mr. Wilkinson, twisting the note nervously. "Can my fears be true? Has Cyril Ormsby proposed to my pearl? I am afraid he has! And what can I urge against the man, if Millie's own instincts have played her false? Ten o'clock!"

The last silvery stroke of the mantle-clock had not died away when the door of the office was opened by a clerk, and Millie Bentley entered the room.

Just a few words to describe the ward whom Marcus Wilkinson always thought a pearl, a lily, every thing pure and fair. She was of medium height, slender and graceful, with a thoughtful face of exquisit beauty. Very young, only 18, Millie Bentley had borne early the sorrows of life. Her father, having been wealthy, had failed in business, and committed suicide. Her mother, delicate and helpless, had fought poverty feebly for two years, and, sinking under privation and toil, had contracted a fatal disease. When all hope of life was over, the news came that Millie's uncle, dying abroad, had left a large fortune to his only sister.

A will was made by the dying woman, leaving her own too lately won independence to Millie and appointing their old friend Marcus Wilkinson, guardian to the heiress. Sorrowing, and womanly beyond her years, Millie had turned her own grief to a noble endeavor to solace some of the trials of those with whom her own poverty had made her familiar. A cousin had come at Mr. Wilkinson's request to make a home for his ward, and she resumed many long interrupted studies. But a large portion of her time was spent in the homes of those who had been her mother's friends in the dark days of widowhood, and her gentle charities soon extended far beyond this small circle. She had been an orphan two years on the day when she came to seek Mr. Wilkinson, as already described, and the sorrows of her life had lost some of their bitter sting, leaving only a gentle sadness behind.

"Well, Millie," the old gentleman said, "what brings to me the pleasure of seeing you to-day?"

"It's about myself," Millie said the softest rose tints flushing her cheeks.

"Dear me! I didn't know you ever took such an insignificant person into consideration at all."

"Now, Uncle Marc, please don't tease me."

"She wants something enormous," said the old gentleman, addressing the walls. "Whenever I am Uncle Marc, I know what to expect next."

But just then the kindly man detected signs of trouble in Millie's face, and the jesting voice was turned to one of tender gravity.

"What is it, my child?"

"Cyril Ormsby came to see me last evening, and he will come here to day; but I wanted to see you first. He wants me to be his wife, Uncle Marc, and"—she hesitated here—"you do not like him!"

"Who told you that?"

'No one; but I see it for myself.'

'Well, you are right. I do not like him. But my like or dislike has no control over you.'

'No control!' Millie's voice was piteous. 'Please don't talk so. I come to you as I would have gone to my father.'

'There, dear, I was wrong. Tell me, then, as you would have told your father, do you love Mr. Ormsby?'

'I think he is the noblest man I ever knew. If you could see him with some of my poor people, how gentle and courteous he is, you would like him, too. He has given me so much sympathy in my work, Uncle Marc, feeling as I do, that the possession of wealth is but a stewardship.'

'And so won your love?'

'My respect and admiration, uncle. I can not yet realize that a man so noble and so good can really desire my companionship and help in his life. But, since he does, I am glad and proud to have won his confidence.'

'Hem—yes! Enthusiastic, but heart-whole!' was Mr. Wilkinson's mental comment. 'Suppose you and I go for a walk?' he added aloud.

'A walk?' Millie said, in a tone of surprise.

'Yes. I have a friend or two I should like to have you see. When we come back I will tell you why I dislike Cyril Ormsby, if," he added, mentally, "you have not already found it out."

It was not exactly such a walk as one would have mapped out for a gentleman's invitation to a young, beautiful girl, but Millie followed its course, leaning upon her guardian's arm, wondering a little, but never hesitating, past the respectable portion of the city, to a quarter known as the "Factory Row," a place where Mr. Wilkinson had never before allowed his ward to go. For there were apt to be fevers and contagious diseases lurking there. It lay low, and was unhealthy, and the houses were of the meanest description.

'For a noble philanthropist, partly owning these factories and this quarter, Mr Ormsby seems neglectful," said Mr. Wilkinson, dryly.

"I have an interest in the factories as you are aware, but do not own one of these wretched houses. They are all Cyril Ormsby's.'

'But,' Millie said, eagerly, 'these people will not let him benefit them. They use his charity for drink; they abuse any privilege he gives them, till he is discouraged in his efforts to do them any good.'

'Oh! step in here!'

It was a poor place, scantily furnished, and cheerless. Upon a cot-bed a woman lay, in the very last stages of consumption. She looked up eagerly at Mr. Wilkinson.

'I hope you are better,' said he, kindly.

'No; and I shall never be better. If I may only die in peace it is all that I ask.'

'Mr. Ormsby will not disturb you now!'

Jennie has gone to him. Yesterday he sent word that if the rent was not ready to-day at 12, out we must go. I've paid him regularly for five years, but he don't think of that. All Jennie's made the last month she has had to pay for wood. She's but fifteen, and her pay is small.'

'What do you owe Cyril Ormsby?'

'Thirty shillings!'

'And if it is not paid to-day, he will put you out into the street to die?'

He says 'the work house is the place for paupers.'

At this moment a slim, pale girl of 15 came in crying bitterly.

'Mr. Wilkinson was out,' she began: and then seeing her visitor, she cried eagerly, 'Oh, Mr Wilkinson, you will not let mother be put out in the street. I'll pay you every penny sir, if only you will wait till she is better, and I can get my full time to work!'

'Have you seen Mr. Ormsby to-day, Jennie?' the old gentleman asked.

'Yes, sir. He said he had no time to hear any whining. The agent will be here at 12, and if the money is not paid he will put us out.'

'May I?' whispered Millie.

'Just as you please, my dear. Perhaps this dying woman or her child will drink up your charity.'

'Hush, hush!'

So tenderly, so delicately Millie gave her charity, that there was only deepest gratitude awakened without the galling sense of obligation. She left more than sufficient for some weeks, and promised to send delicacies for the invalid.

No word of herself passed her lips until they were once more in the narrow street.

'Oh, Uncle Marc,' she said, can it be true that he is so hard, so false to me?'

'Wait,' was the brief reply.

They went into the wide courtyard in whose space stood the four great factories, the joint property of Marcus Wilkinson and Cyril Ormsby, long before divided as to their management into two distinct departments—one entirely under the control of the elder, the other of the younger man.

'Wilkinson's absurd soft-heartedness,' as Cyril mentally characterized it, had made this devision absolutely necessary.

But it was not into his own kindly governed, well ordered departments that Marcus Wilkinson led his ward. He turned into a small room, where about 70 girls were at work before busily whirling machinery. 'Good morning, Watkins,' the old gentleman said. 'I was in hopes that you were taking a holiday.'

'Thank you, sir!' was the reply, in a dejected tone. 'I can't we'l quit work, sir. There's the wife and six little ones you see.'

'Have you told Mr. Ormsby the doctor says your life depends upon a few weeks of rest and pure air?'

'Yes, sir. He's not keeping me but he says if I go he must fill my place—and that means starvation for my family. I could never get another situation, as feeble as I am now.'

'How long have you been here, Mr. Watkins?'

'Seventeen years, sir. I was with old Mr. Ormsby before you came, sir.'

'A faithful servant seventeen years!' said Mr. Wilkinson, in a low tone; 'and just only a few weeks' rest may save his life.'

At that moment Millie shrank a little nearer her guardian. Through the window from which Mr. Watkins overlooked the loom-room, she could see Cyril Ormsby, walking briskly about, his voice harsh and imperative, finding fault here and there, and keenly scrutinizing every item of work. Not a face in the long room was brightened by the presence of the master. Fingers worked more rapidly, were fastened persistently upon the looms, and every one seemed aware of the task-master's gaze. But Mr. Wilkinson obeyed the mute petition expressed in the looks of his ward, and led Millie out into the wide passage again, to another work room.

It were too tedious a task to follow every step of these two as they passed from room to room, everywhere meeting some assurance of Mr. Wilkinson's own hold upon the hearts of the 'hands,' and their terror of Cyril Ormby's harshness.

Out again among the squalid homes, where her guardian had no control but bestowed his kindly charity without ostentation; and here, more eloquently than ever, Millie heard how cruel a mockery were all the schemes of charity and philanthropy that had been poured into her ears. It needed no spoken words from her guardian to tell her that the noble words uttered to win her were but those of hypocrisy, which knew how it could best plead its cause with her. One and another, turning to Mr. Wilkinson as to a friend, unaware of the torture of their words to the kindly lady beside him, told of cruel exactions of work, in sickness or trouble, of closest calculation of time, of small wages and heavy rents.

'If we won't live here and pay, we get no work in the factories!' one said, when asked why he did not seek a more healthy quarter.

'I am doing overtime to pay for my child's funeral,' one said, 'for I lost the wages for three days. I stayed by her to see her die, and bury her.'

'I'm uneasy about the rent,' another said, 'for I lost a week by a fall on the ice, and its hard making it up again.' Not one word of kindly sympathy, of help, in sickness. The 'hands' under Cyril Ormsby were simply human machines to do so much work, sick or well, or pay the price of an hour or day of idleness, no matter how necessary.

There was no word spoken as Mr. Wilkinson and Millie walked to the office again. Once there, the old gentleman spoke, very gravely. 'As your guardian, Millie, I can speak to you no word against Cyril Ormsby. He is a rich man, of good social position, of irreproachable moral reputation, and a man whose standing in business circles is of the highest. A man who is a good match in every worldly sense. So much for your guardian. As your friend, my pearl, who loves you as your own dead father might have loved you, who knows every noble impulse of your pure soul—as that friend, I tell you I would rather see you lying beside your mother than the broken-hearted wife of such a man as Cyril Ormsby.'

'I came to you as a friend, as almost a father,' said Millie, 'and I thank you for keeping me from lifelong misery. To know my husband was such a man as I know Cyril Ormsby to be, would, as you say, break my heart.'

'I would not tell you,' said her guardian, 'for you knew I disliked him, and might have thought that dislike prejudiced me. But, Millie, tell me you will not let this day's work shadow your life. You did not love Cyril, Millie?'

'No. I reverenced what I believed a noble, generous nature. That reverence a mockery, I shall never break my heart for a man I thoroughly despise, Uncle Marc.'

And so it happened to Cyril Ormbsby, coming to claim the fortune he believed to be within his grasp, met only Mr. Wilkinson, with Millie's polite refusal to resign herself or her fortune to his keeping. But he never knew how Millie learned the true value of his hollow words of charity and philanthropy.

## A ROMANCE IN REAL LIFE.

A BOY RUNS AWAY FROM HOME, AND WHEN A MAN IS FOUND BY AN EMMISARY FROM HIS FATHER.

[From the Charlotte Observer.]

Charlotte has another romance, for the truth of which we refer to the names given below. Jacobo Garibaldo is an Italian by birth and a citizen of Charlotte, where he is known as John Garibaldi. He was formerly an employee in the Mecklenburg Iron Works, but is now the proprietor of a grist mill on the extreme western end of Mint street. It is he who is the subject of our story. Years ago, when he was a small boy under the paternal roof, which in turn was under the blue sky of charming Italy, a "falling-out" occurred between him and his father and the youth threw off the restraint of home and ran away. After a certain amount of wandering around he shipped for America, and arriving safely here, led the checkered life peculiar to the impecunious foreigner in the western world, until he struck upon Charlotte which he made his home, after having lived for awhile in our neighboring town Salisbury. He was at this time a married man and since then a considerable family has grown up around him. He has lived on here, taking care of his family comfortably, and hearing nothing whatever of his parents or of his old home kindred and friends.

Meantime, sixteen years ago, his mother died, and his father, then grown to be an old man, set about to find his long lost son. He learned that he had sailed for America, and advertisement was made for him in several leading American dailies, but without avail. Finally, hearing that an old lady, a country-woman of his had an idea of coming to America, Garibaldo, senior, proposed to her that he would pay her passage to this country if she would interest herself in finding his son. She assented, and the old man accordingly paid the passage and the old lady made the voyage. What object besides that named brought her to America, does not fully appear, but having accomplished or failed to accomplish this, she found herself in a strange land, without money and without friends. How to gain a subsistence was a question with which she found herself face to face, and finally, other means having failed, she attached herself to a street traveling show, composed of a hand organ and a number of trained rats. In course of time, wandering around from place to place, this strolling company reached Charlotte, and the old woman, with her pledge to the senior Garibaldo ever in mind, began enquiring if this was the home of any Italians. Being told that it was, she asked for the names of some of them, and was surprised and delighted to hear among these the name of the object of her search. She immediately sought him out, told to him her story, and informed him that his father was the possessor of considerable property which would be at his (the son's) disposal upon the death of the elder Garibaldo. The woman's story was well authenticated, and our townsman has put himself in communication with his aged father, and hopes to sail soon for Italy, to see the property, settle up the business and bring his father here to spend the remainder of his days.

The above is a brief recital of a true and truly romantic story, which we have told without embellishment and without the accompaniment of word painting usual in such cases.

CAMEL-BREEDING IN TEXAS.—A Texas camel breeder, speaking of the rearing of the 'ships of the desert,' says: 'They are no more trouble to raise than horses or cattle. The colts for the first three or four days are rather tender and require close attention, but after that take their chances with the herd. They feed on cactus and brush, eschewing all grasses that horses and cattle eat if the favorite cactus can be had. The females with proper care give a colt every year, and the price at which they are sold, the ease with which they are raised, their extreme docility, and the adaptability of the climate to their nature, would seem to indicate that camel raising is a profitable business in Texas. Mr. Manfear says there is one camel in the herd that has traveled 150 miles between sun and sun, and almost any one well broken is good for more than 100 miles in a day.'—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

An Irishman being asked what he left his country for America, replied: It was not for want; I had plenty of that at home.

## DEFERRED ITEMS.

### State News.

Federal Court in Statesville third Monday in April.

An artillery company is forming in Charlotte.

There are now 162 students on the rolls of the University.

The Law School of Judge Dick and Col. Dillard has opened under most favorable auspices at Greensboro.

Col. John H. Wheeler, the venerable historian, has been prostrated by a stroke of paralysis.

A military company has been organized at Hickory, under the name of the "Catawba Light Infantry." Its membership is sixty-four.

W. P. Canady, Esq., (formerly Mayor) has been appointed Collector of Customs at Wilmington, N. C., in place of Mr. Abbott, resigned.

Rev. Smith Furgerson, one of the oldest Baptist ministers in the South, died near Lenoir, Caldwell county, a few weeks since. He was a soldier in the war of 1812.

The Richmond & Danville Railroad Company has subscribed $25,000 to the Leaksville Narrow Gauge Railroad, and the Clyde Steamship Line is expected to subscribe liberally.

Rev. Mr. McPherson, of the Society of Friends, now located at Springfield, Guilford county, has a bright little daughter, eleven years old, who preaches and prays in public. Those who have heard her say that she offers a remarkably good prayer.—*Patriot.*

John Roberts, one of the wealthiest men in Chowan county, N. C., committed suicide quite recently by shooting himself through the head. He had been suffering from despondency for some time, consequent upon the small success of his extensive fisheries on the sound.

The Newberne *Nut Shell* learns that the government has made provision for the erection of fifteen life-saving stations on our coast. The houses are to be located about five miles apart, and it is thought these stations will furnish ample facilities for rescuing lives from wrecks along our coast.

The Public Treasurer of this State, Dr. Worth, estimates that it will require $425,000 yearly for the support of the Charitable and Penal Institutions of the State—the Asylums and Penitentiary.

The next Legislature had better make some provision to pay at least a part of the debts of the State before it makes further appropriations of the public money. Real estate and personal property are taxed now about as high as the people can bear.

The number of salaried office-holders has already been increased too much; but the prospect seems for a further increase. Can't it be stopped.—*Charlotte Democrat.*

A SUIT FOR $10,000 DAMAGES.—Mr J M Turrentine, mail agent on the Richmond & Danville Railroad, has just brought suit in the Superior Court for $10,000 damages for the loss of his voice on account of exposure to cold, through the negligence of the railroad company to keep his mail car properly heated. In consideration of his present state of health, brought about, it is claimed, by the exposure to which he has been subjected, the Ætna Life Insurance Company has declined to grant him a policy. Messrs Shipp & Bailey are the counsel for Turrentine.—*Charlotte Observer.*

Newberne correspondent of Raleigh *News:* Quite an industry has developed in the cutting and shipping of what is known in all parts of the State as "holly."—This timber is in great demand North for piano keys and engravers' blocks.—Almost every steamer carries a freight of the logs of this timber. A representative of an English firm is here for the purpose of procuring "dogwood" timber, which is taken away, converted into handles for cheap cutlery, bobbins, and other like simple uses, and then sold back to us. A shipment of ninety cords of dogwood timber has just been shipped from a point below the city. The price paid the people who cut and delivered this wood on the rail road is six dollars per cord.

GONE WEST.—A crowd of twenty-six emigrants boarded the train at this place recently, for Junction City, Kansas. Rev. R. H. Moody, who was the foreman of the company, has been in this section before, and we learn was the cause of this exodus from the Old North State. We give below the names of the persons in the party. From Caldwell county, Rev R. H. Moody and family, Wm. Hedspeth and wife, Thomas McMillan, Hanibal King; from Burke county, C. M. Saulman, M. H. Cooper, John Warlick, Lewis Warlick, J. M. Saulman, Elfonza Connelly, Vance Alexander, M. C. Coleman, Lewis Powell, James Fox, Miss Ann Warlick and Mrs. May Warlick.—*Piedmont Press.*

N. C. PRESS ASSOCIATION.—Dossey Battle, Esq., of Tarboro, has been selected to deliver the Annual Address before the next Convention of the N. C. Press Association. The Convention will be held at the Sparkling Catawba Springs (6 miles from Hickory) some time in June or July next. The exact day will be announced hereafter.

The Association meets at Sparkling Catawba Springs at the special invitation of Dr. Elliott, the proprietor, and he requests us to insist and urge upon every Editor in the State to attend, and he also cordially invites the Editorial brethren of adjoining States to be present. In a private letter to us Dr. Elliott says: "I will have ample accommodation for all and will be pleased to see them.—*Charlotte Democrat.*

RANDOLPH COTTON MILLS.—The first we mention is the Randleman Plaid Mills. It is run by water and steam. It has an operation of 5,500 spindles. It turns out 8,000 yards per day, or over 5 bales of cotton used. Its style of goods is domestic ginghams. No. of operators 200. Capital invested $100,000. It is never stopped by cold weather. Its pay rolls show $3,500 per month.

The Deep River Manufacturing Company is operated by water alone. No. of spindles 1,100. Its capacity per day at 800 pounds of cotton, 4-4 sheeting, yarns, knitting cotton, thread twine, suit the style of goods manufactured. Capital invested $20,000. Cold weather does not stop its operation. D Curtis of Franklinsville, is agent.

The Randolph Manufacturing Company, Franklinsville, is operated by water alone. No. spindles 1,200. Its capacity per day is 800 pounds of cotton. Yarn and 4-4 sheeting are the style of goods. No of hands employed 75. Capital invested $85,000. Cold weather does not stop operations. Hugh Parks, Esq., of Franklinsville, agent.

The Franklinsville Manufacturing Company is operated by water alone. No. of spindles 1,100. Its capacity per day is about 1,000 seamless bags. No. of operatives 75. Capital invested $35,000. B. Moffit of Asheboro, agent.

The Cedar Falls Manufacturing Company is operated by water alone. No. of spindles 1,824. Its capacity per day is 2,680 yards sheeting, yarns and carpet warps are the style of goods. No. of operatives 90. Capital invested $25,000. Cold weather does not stop operations. O. R. Cox, is Agent.—*Randolph Regulator.*

### General News.

Up to the close of March, about one million of the new silver dollars had been coined.

An English gentleman committed suicide a few days ago, leaving a paper to say that he did so because his wife was a great deal too good for him. Right here stepped in the coroner's jury with the verdict that he was insane.

The Cedar Grove estate, near Atlantic City, N. J., was sold at auction a few days since for $5,845. Three months ago $16,000 were bid for it and refused, and the owner some years ago declined an offer of $60,000 for it, as he considered it worth twice that amount.

We learn that Mr James F Smith, an industrious farmer, has sold to Messrs Aycock & Edgerton at Fremont, 103 doz eggs since March 1st last. What farmer can beat this?

Both the Massachusetts and Rhode Island Houses on Wednesday reported bills giving women the right of suffrage at municipal elections. In the former the was 127 to 93; in the latter, 35 to 19.

A shocking boiler explosion occurred in Henrico county, Va, yesterday morning, about 11 o'clock, in which five persons, three men and two little boys, killed almost instantly, and six persons were more or less dangerously wounded.

The Supreme Court of Georgia has decided that the employee of a railroad company who receives a physical injury, partly by his own fault, or partly by the fault of other servants or employees of the company, cannot recover damages.

The copy of the Bible which Martin Luther used daily, and the leaves of which are covered with annotations made by his own hand, is now in the Brandenburg museum, which gave for it about $450. The Bible was printed in Basle in 1509, is bound in leather, and is in good preservation.

A large sale of trotting horses took place in New York last week. Fifty horses were sold, realizing $27,830.—Kentucky Prince was the best horse disposed of, and brought $10,700. The average was $557.

THE COLD SNAP AND PEACHES.—Accurate accounts from numerous points in the peach regions of Delaware and the Eastern Shore of Maryland, state that the severe cold of last week has greatly damaged the peach crop, the buds of late varieties having been nearly ready to bloom. The crop, it is feared, will be very small.

Fifty negro emigrants, from Lexington, Ky., came over the Short Line Wednesday, and were transferred to the Ohio and Mississippi road for Atchison, Kansas. They were engineered through by Mr. McChesney, passenger agent of the last-named road.

A FAMILY MAN.—The extraordinary statement is made that Fender Vassilef, a peasant of Moscow, had in 1872, at the age of 75, eighty-seven children by two wives. His first wife bore him quadruples four times, triplets three times and twins sixteen times. His second wife, on eight occasions, presented him with eighteen children. Eighty-three of Vassilef's family were alive in 1873.—These facts, it is said, can be easily verified by records in Moscow, where the Vassilefs are well known.

The population of Great Britain has, since 1801, increased from 16,000,000 to 24,000,000, and the *London News* estimates that it will be doubled in fifty-four years. How to feed it will be the great difficulty, for a leading British agriculturist said in a recent speech: "It appears to me, and it has been observed by many of our leading men, that a steady deterioration is going on in the producing powers of this island."

ENGLAND BUYING AMERICAN HORSES.—Officers of the Western railways, temporarily stopping in New York, report that agents of the English government are actively engaged throughout the West and Southwest in buying up for export, horses for cavalry service.—The prices paid for the animals range from $150 to $300 each, and the largest purchases have been made in Kentucky and Illinois.

It is reported that 1800 horses are to be purchased altogether, and the shipments are made by way of Canada. As fast as the horses bought are accepted, each is branded with the letter "S" which signifies the service. The freight agents of the Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company report shipments over the road of from five to ten carloads of horses daily consigned to the Quebec agents.


JOB PRINTING.

THE PRESS JOB DEPARTMENT is supplied with all necessary material and is fully prepared to do work with NEATNESS, DISPATCH and at the VERY LOWEST PRICES.

Be sure to give us a trial before contracting with any one else.

# The People's Press.

SALEM, N. C.

THURSDAY, APRIL 11, 1878.


NOTICE.—All persons indebted to this office, by *note* or *account*, would confer a special favor by calling and settling, as we need money.

CLUBS.—We will club the *Press* and the *Carolina Farmer*, published in Wilmington, for $2 75 a year; or $1 50 for six months.

THE COUNTY CONVENTION, advertised to be held last Saturday, was postponed to TUESDAY OF FIRST WEEK OF COURT.

### Seventh District Convention.

MOCKSVILLE, N. C., April 3, 1878.

At a meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee of the Seventh Judicial District at Mocksville, on the 3d day of April, 1878, it was unanimously resolved that a Convention for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Solicitor for said District, and recommending to the State Convention a suitable candidate for Judge be held in Yadkinville, on Saturday, 8th day of June next. The various counties composing the said District are respectfully requested to take necessary action to secure a proper representation in said Convention.

### Political.

We would call the attention of our readers to the address of the State Democratic Executive Committee, published elsewhere in this issue. It will be of interest to all who concern themselves about the prosperity of our great political system, and calls to mind facts of the past which should be borne in mind, as well as events of the future which should be provided for.

The address begins by stating the different offices which the August election must provide for. Then, in a few words, very forcibly pictures to us the rapid growth of the present great Democratic-Conservative party, which, six years ago, was comparatively small, but which now has the control of the House of Representatives at Washington, and has the Senate, in effect at least, at its disposal. The great fraud which the late Presidential complications developed will only make the victory of the Democratic party the more certain in 1880.

The most important part of the address is that which comes nearest home to us, and is the sketch given of the prosperity of the old North State under the rule of the Democracy. The entire control of the State officers has in effect passed into the hands of the latter party, save the judiciary, and that is rapidly approaching the time when it too will pass from the Republican to the Democratic party.

The Supreme Court Bench must be filled at the coming election, and the responsibility of the office should cause it to be one of the many reasons which urge our people to weigh well the worth of the occasion, and the issues at stake.

### Washington News.

Several questions of considerable importance have claimed the attention of the officials at Washington, during the past week.

The first that we notice is the report of the Committee on Presidential elections. The majority of this Committee favor the adoption of a plan which will bring the election immediately within the control of the majority vote of the people. The subject also received a minority report which urged the spirit of the constitution as being against any other mode of election save by the usual electoral form, which gives to the States and not to the popular vote, the right to choose the Chief Magistrate. In the face of the late Presidential complications, it seems probable that the majority report will be the stronger in its influence, though the minority report will have many sympathizers.

The resumption of payment in coin is being at present strenously advocated by the Secretary of the Treasury. Gen. Sherman claims that there is sufficient money in the treasury, at the present time, to do this, and that the national credit will be greatly improved and strengthened. To several classes of objections the Treasurer urged strong and very pointed arguments, showing that the threatened drainage of the Treasury by the banks could be met by the Government, which on its part could use the bonds of the various banks to in turn receive the coin back into the treasury, and thus would be inaugurated a check system which would insure no undue "run" in either case.


James Vick, Seedsman and Florist, Rochester, New York, has favored us with his Illustrated Catalogue and Floral Guide. It is one of the prettiest and best books of the kind extant. The monthly magazine is worth three times the amount charged for it.

Mr. Vick's seeds are true to name, and several of our friends have had brilliant displays of flowers last summer and fall. All lovers of flowers would do well to encourage Mr. Vick.

We invite the attention of our readers to the large advertisement of the Franklin Jewelry Co., in another column. Any of the articles advertised would make elegant presents. Every order sent them will be filled. 12-4t.


"KEEP COOL."—We shall have something to say before elections in regard to candidates, &c., but there is plenty time yet to say it, and we hope not to get excited or over-zealous for the average volunteer political patriot or dead-head statesmen. We think it about time here in North Carolina for the *business* and *working* people to send experienced and intelligent men to the Legislature. People should not abuse the Legislature so long as they continue to send there the sort of men they usually do.

The next Legislature should propose an amendment to the constitution restoring the election of Judges to the Legislature, as well as the election of as many other officers as possible.—There are too many salaried offices and too many elections.—*Charlotte Democrat.*

Let us send men to the next General Assembly who will represent not only the political faith but the material interests of their constituents; who, while no one will deprive them of the right to gratify the promptings of a reasonable ambition, will not be so busy grinding their own axes that they can have no leisure to attend to the wants of those whom they represent.—Let our large commercial towns place in the House and Senate a few practical, influential, clear-headed merchants, half a dozen energetic manufacturers, while the country at large adds a plentiful sprinkling of hard-fisted farmers.—*Fayetteville Gazette.*

Will the people of other counties inquires the *Democrat*, pay any attention to these wise suggestions?

## FROM WASHINGTON.

### CONGRESSIONAL.

NORTH CAROLINA IN CONGRESS.—In the Senate, on motion of Merrimon, the Secretary of War was requested to furnish the Senate all information in the possession of the War Department relative to the occupation of the North Carolina and Atlantic Railroad by the Government, from May to October, 1865.

In the House, Mr. Davis introduced a bill granting compensation to the State of North Carolina for the use of grounds and buildings occupied by U. S. troops. And Mr. Steele introduced a bill to provide for the holding of a term of the District Court of the United States at the city of Charlotte. Mr. Yeates introduced bills for the relief of John A. Overman, Quinton Mitchell and Edward Wood. Mr. Robbins introduced a bill to legalize the election in North Carolina for members of Congress.

A H. Stephens, of Ga., has introduced a bill to increase the Supreme Court of the United States to fifteen members. This will consecrate and perpetuate the 7 to 8 principle in our government.

The Pacific Railroad Funding bill was under discussion.

The Post Office Department during 1877, issued 689,580,067 ordinary letter stamps. This shows a more than threefold increase since 1865, when 192,201,920 stamps were issued.

Hon. Robt. B. Vance, of the 8th District, has appointed young W. C. Newland (son of Dr. Newland, of Caldwell,) to a West Point Cadetship.

RIVER AND HARBOR BILL.—The river and harbor bill has been printed. It contains the following appropriations for North Carolina—Cape Fear river, $85,000; Roanoke, $1,000; Neuse river, $20,000; Currituck Sound and North river bar, $20,000; Scuppernong river, $2,000; Edenton harbar, $4,000. Among the rivers, &c., ordered to be surveyed are the Yadkin river, North Carolina; Dan river, from Clarksville *via* Danville, Va., to Danbury, N. C.; Trent and Chowan rivers, North Carolina; Neuse river from Smithfield to Goldsboro, and the Tar river from Washington to Tarboro, N. C.

### An Important Bill Relating to North Carolina.

On April 1st, Mr. Robbins introduced the following bill:

A BILL relating to the election of Representatives from North Carolina to the Forty-sixth Congress.

WHEREAS, doubts are entertained whether due provision has been made in the statutes of North Carolina for holding an election for Representatives from that State to the Forty-sixth Congress: Therefore,

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That an election held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, eighteen hundred and seventy-eight, for such Representatives, conducted by the sheriffs or by other persons duly appointed therefor, in like manner as elections for members of the general assembly of said State, and according to the provisions of an act of the general assembly of said State, entitled "An act to regulate the manner of making election returns," ratified the twelfth day of March, eighteen hundred and seventy-seven, and also of an act of the general assembly of said State, entitled "An act to regulate the manner of making election returns," ratified the sixth day of March, eighteen hundred and seventy-seven, shall be deemed lawful and valid.

Beds of phosphates and what is known as Jersey green sand marl have recently been discovered on the lands of Capt. S W Noble, about one mile east of the city limits. The seam of phosphates is apparently about four feet thick, and specimens are found by boring, and on the ditch banks for a distance of five or six hundred yards. It has every indication from comparison, smell, &c., of being fully equal in its fertilizing properties to the phosphates found in the neighborhood of Charleston.—*Wilmington Star.*

INDIANS.—Bishop Hare estimates that 75,000 of the 297,000 Indians in the United States have adopted the Christian faith and become civilized.

### Foreign News.

Affairs in Europe continue as critical as possible. Some accounts even go so far as to say that peace prospects are at an end, but it is still hoped that the difficulties may be adjusted by others.

Dates of April 8, represent the continuance of danger, and that Russian diplomacy is at work with the Turks. It is rumored that the current feeling of the Turkish government is now running wholly against Russia.

In England, the Cabinet is said to be sincerely desirous to avoid war.

LONDON, April 8.—In the House of Lords Lord Beaconsfield moved an address of thanks to the Queen for her Majesty's message, calling out the reserves, and followed with a speech of over an hour's duration, which was repeatedly cheered. A report from the lobby says that the Lords will undoubtedly vote the address unanimously.

### Strange Railroad Accident in Pennsylvania.

The town of Slatington, in the Lehigh Valley, was on Friday last, the scence of a strange and disastrous Railroad accident, by which five men lost their lives, and over twenty more were wounded, besides the destruction of two hundred thousand dollars worth of property.

A freight train was standing on the track waiting for the cooling of a certain portion of its machinery. Meantime a large coal oil train came down the road with usual speed, on a down grade. The signal lights were not displayed, and even this could not avail, for the load pressing the engine forward was too great to check it in so short a distance. The consequence was that the trains collided, the engine of the coal oil train striking the rear of the freight train. The boiler at once exploded, and some of the oil tanks being wrecked, the oil ignited and began to burn, spreading a sea of flame in every direction. The news of the catastrophe was soon spread far and wide, and a large crowd assembled to witness the conflagration. The flames spread around the remaining oil-tanks. Suddenly one of these exploded, sending the burning oil in a stream in every direction. One company of men standing near the place were almost enveloped in flames and their clothes saturated with oil. Of the entire company only one had the forethought to rush into the river. Others, in mad terror, fled by friends, who were unable to help them, with the flames leaping four or five feet above their heads. As before stated, five perished, and many more were fatally, or at least seriously burned.

The Superintendent of the road having arrived, he saw that another tank was on the point of exploding, and to prevent this he had the tank pierced with a bullet. This allowed the fluid and gasses, which were being formed by the intense heat, to escape, and the additional spread of the burning oil was to some extent checked. Before this, however, the railroad bridge had been burned, and also a neighboring machine shop, besides injury done to other buildings and work, the whole aggregating a value of $200,000, with very little insurance.

The accident was caused by the carelessness of the former train stopping on the track without giving proper notice to the approaching train behind it.

The April number of the ECLECTIC MAGAZINE is remarkable, both for the excellence of its contents and for the number of special papers which separately challenge attention. There are no less than sixteen articles, besides the four editorial departments; and every taste will find something to gratify it. "The March of an English generation through Life" is a highly interesting and profoundly suggestive *resume* of English vital statistics; "The New Star which Faded into Star-Mist" is one of Mr. Proctor's always instructive studies in popular astronomy; and Prof. Godwin Smith's paper on "The Proposed Substitutes for Religion" deals with a subject of inexhaustible interest. Apropos of the war, there are two notably good descriptive papers—one entitled "Over the Balcans with General Gourko," and the other, "Constantinople," by James Bryce. Other noteworthy articles are "Professor Huxley on the Degeneracy of Modern Opinion;" "Keats' Love Letters;" and a thrilling narrative of "A Ride for Life." A sketch with steel portrait of Prof. Marsh; three or four poems; additional chapters of Mr. Black's story, "Macleod of Dare;" and well-filled editorial departments complete a number of unexceptional variety and interest. Published by E. R. Pelton, 25 Bond Street, New York. $5 per year; single copies, 45 cents. Trial subscription for three months, $1.

REDUCTION OF ARMY SALARIES.—A Washington dispatch to the Cincinnati *Commercial* says: A caucus of the Committee of Thirteen, appointed by the recent Democratic caucus, was held Tuesday night to discuss Banning's army bill, with a view of sustaining it as a party measure in the House. The committee have agreed to support the Banning bill in substantially the form it was introduced by Banning. As agreed upon it fixes the pay of the General of the Army at $12,000 per year, instead of $18,000, as at present; the Lieutenant General at $8,000; Major-Generals at $6,000; Brigadier-Generals, $5,000; Colonels, $3,500; Lieutenant-Colonels, $3,000; Majors, $2,600; and Captains, $2,000. The aggregate saving effected by the bill is about $1,400,000.

The silverware delivered by the National Silver Plating Co., No. 704 Chestnut St., Phila. is giving entire satisfaction. All orders are promptly filled, and no one need hesitate about sending money.—*Lutheran Observer.* 12-4t.

### The Election Law.

The following on this subject seems to be the effect of the acts of the Legislature, according to the Raleigh *Observer*:

There is now a distinction between the elections of "County Officers" and "County Commissioners." The latter are elected by the Board of Justices on the first Monday in August.

"County officers," Sheriff, Register, &c., &c., are elected this year by the people, in August, and hereafter in November.

The present term of "County Commissioners, as well as the present term of "County officers," expires on the first Monday in December. See ch. 237, Acts of 1874–'75.

By sec. 5, chap. 141, Acts of '76–'77, it is enacted that in August the Board of Justices shall elect five commissioners, who shall hold their offices for two years from the date of their qualification; but the Commissioners elected in 1878 shall not enter upon the discharge of their duties until the expiration of the term of the present Commissioners, which will be in December.

So although the County Commissioners are elected in August, those elected in 1878 do not go into office until December. It is, however, the apparent intent of the law that these Commissioners should qualify immediately on their election. So likewise, in regard to "County officers;" they are to be elected in 1878 in August; they are to qualify on the first Monday in September, see 33, chap 375 acts 1876–'77; but they cannot take their offices until the term of the present officers expire—December. In 1880, these County officers will be elected in November, and will qualify in December, and their terms of office will begin in December. There is a difference between "qualification" and "entering on the discharge of the duties of the office." These County officers are to "be qualified" in September; they enter upon the discharge of their duties in December. Such seems to be the effect of the acts of the Legislature.

THE AMERICAN FARMER for April is received—replete with its usual array of useful and seasonable papers from the most practical and experienced hands in the various departments of farm, garden and household economy. The standard topic of discussion, as usual with this venerable farm journal, appears to be manures, home-made and artificial, and the best modes of restoring the declining fertility of soils.—Several articles on these subjects are well worth careful reading.—Other branches, such as the Live Stock Interest, the Dairy, the Staple Crops, Horticulture in its various divisions, the Poultry Yard, &c., all are given full space. A number of appropriate cuts illustrate the text. Attentive reading of this number to any of our wide-awake farmers cannot fail to be worth more than the amount of the yearly subscription, which is $1.50, or only $1 to clubs of five or more. Samuel Sands & Son, Baltimore, are the publishers.

THE YADKIN RIVER IMPROVEMENT.—*House of Representatives.—Editors Watchman:* I am glad to inform you that the Committee of Commerce have agreed, upon my urgent representations, to report in favor of surveying the Yadkin as far up as Wilkesboro. I have no doubt their report will be concurred in by the House.

Yours, WM. M. ROBBINS.

This is good news, and after thanks to Maj. Robbins for his diligent attention to this and all other subjects in which his constituents are concerned, we congratulate the people along the valley of the Yadkin on this prospect of realizing at no distant day the accomplishment of a long cherished scheme which must redound to their material prosperity. We also congratulate our young fellow-citizen, Mr. Frank Brown, for his timely and well directed efforts in bringing forward this important scheme and pressing it with such intelligent zeal. We trust he may be rewarded in seeing it fully accomplished and in sharing liberally the great benefits it will undoubtedly confer on the people of the Yadkin valley.—*Watchman.*

### Terrible Retribution.

The attention of infidels and persons who behave badly in church is invited to the very startling event that occurred on last Wednesday night in the Methodist Episcopal Church at Leiter's Ford in Indiana, which many people will regard as a direct interposition of the Almighty for the punishment of the blasphemer. There was a revival in the church and many conversions were made. Among the persons present were Ellis Bidinger and Robert King, who disturbed the meeting by making sport of those who led the services. Mr. Jones, the minister, went up to Bidinger to expostulate with him, and laying his hand upon his shoulder entreated him to try and lead a better life. Bidinger, with much profanity, laughed in the pastor's face and swore that he would do nothing of the kind. A few minutes later, while one of the congregation was leading in prayer, lightning flashed into the church, extinguished all the lights, killed Bidinger, and prostrated King upon the floor. King, as soon as he returned to consciousness called upon the congregation to pray for him. After this impressive scene there were a great many conversions, and many awful sinners who had been given up for lost brought into the fold.

RUSSIAN CAPTURES DURING THE WAR.—From recently published official returns it appears that between the day on which war was declared and the signing of the armistice, the Russian army of the Danube captured 15 pashas, 113,000 officers and men, 606 guns of different calibre, 9,600 tents, 140,200 muskets, and 24,000 horses. In addition, 200,000 small arms, yatughans and pistols were taken from Turkish irregular troops, and also 13,000 lances and daggers. The Russian army in Asia captured during the war 14 pashas and 50,200 men, 662 guns, 16,000 tents, 42,000 muskets, 18,000 horses, and immense stores of ammunition and provisions of all kinds. The number of firearms and miscellaneous weapons taken from the Asiatic irregular troops of the Porte was also, it is stated, exceedingly large, but no details are given.—The Servian troops also acquired a large booty during the short time they were engaged, their trophies being returned as 238 guns, 10,000 muskets and 27 standards, besides ammunition, provisions and horses.

## ADDRESS

### Of the State Democratic Executive Committee.

*To the Democratic-Conservative Party of North Carolina.*

Under the Constitution and laws of North Carolina there are to be elected on the first day of August, 1878, a Chief Justice and two Associate Justices of the Supreme Court; three Judges of the Superior Court; a Solicitor for each Judicial District, members of the General Assembly; a Register of Deeds, Surveyor, Coroner, Sheriff, and Treasurer for the several counties; and Constables for the townships, respectively.

At a meeting of the State Executive Committee of the Democratic Party it was determined to hold a State Convention at Raleigh, on Thursday, June 13th, 1878, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the Judicial offices, as these are to be voted for throughout the entire State. It was, however, resolved, that the Executive Committee request the several Judicial Districts for which Superior Court Judges are to be chosen to hold district Conventions and recommend to the State Convention candidates for the office of Judge from their respective Districts.

It was also resolved to appoint an Executive Committee for each Judicial District, whose duty it shall be to determine the time and place of holding the Conventions for their respective Districts. They are requested to take prompt action in calling together the District Conventions.

The Committee congratulates the Democratic Party of North Carolina on the steady and rapid growth of its principles and policy, not only in our own State, but likewise throughout the entire Union. Half a dozen years ago our party was without power in the Federal Government; two years later we had wrested the control of the House of Representatives from the Republican party, and today our ascendency in the Senate of the next Congress is absolutely assured.

At the last Presidential election our candidate received a majority of the electoral votes, and was called to the Presidential chair by a popular majority of five hundred thousand.

You know how, by fraud, by plots and conspiracies, the Republicans contrived to turn our victory into utter defeat. That we lost the fruits of our success at the polls is to be deeply deplored; but it is better to have lost the Presidency than to have seated our candidate by the fraud and iniquities which received the encouragement and sanction of the Republican leaders. Those frauds, however, can never be successfully repeated; and we hazard nothing in predicting that in 1880 the freemen of America will punish that great crime against their right of self-government by hurling from power all those despicable characters who planned the scheme or participated in its execution. In like manner, at home, our party strength has constantly increased until now it has become invincible. At the last election we cast 125,000 votes—the ballots of white men! Ever since 1870 we have had absolute control of the Legislature, and we refer with satisfaction to the legislative record of the Democratic party during that long period of political ascendancy. Good and wholesome laws, low taxes, the improvement of our agricultural interests, and the amelioration of the condition of our people—both black and white—these have been the aims of our representatives, and our ever-increasing majorities attest how thoroughly their patriotic work is appreciated by the voters of North Carolina.

To us the people of the State have given the supremacy, and they have committed to the keeping of the Democracy the destiny of our Commonwealth and the welfare and prosperity of our citizens. We have gained step by step on our political adversaries until at length the only department of our State government remaining under their control is the Judiciary. And now we are rapidly approaching the day when the Supreme Court itself is to be composed of Democratic Jurists; for none can doubt that the nominations made by our Convention will be triumphantly ratified at the polls by an overwhelming majority. Then will North Carolina be fully and completely redeemed—and the last remaining vestige of the Canby-Military Election will have passed away forever.

In publishing this call for our Democratic Convention, the Committee was directed to request that all North Carolinians who love good order and have a proper regard for the due administration of justice, should join with us in making our nominations for these high and responsible judicial offices. We call then upon all the true sons of North Carolina to come together, inspired by an ennobling patriotism, and nominate and elect our best and truest and greatest sons to these exalted judicial stations. The officers so chosen are to sit in judgment on our rights of property, our lives, our liberties. Their court is the court of last resort. From their decision there is no appeal. Let us then approach their selection profoundly impressed with the importance of the occasion; let us subordinate our personal preferences, and animated by a worthy ambition, seek to restore to this Supreme tribunal the exalted character to which it had attained in the days of its highest fame.

We recommend to our friends in every township and ward to hold primary meetings, at which delegates may be selected by ballot or otherwise to their County Conventions—where in like manner, delegates shall be chosen to represent the counties in the State Convention.

In these primary meetings we urgently recommend that the utmost fairness and impartiality shall be observed—that harmony shall be considered of prime importance, and that no practices tending to disaffection or disorganization shall receive the slightest countenance or sanction. The Democratic is the party of the people. It is the instrument by which the people accomplish their aims and purposes. It is the people—banded together in one great organization or society to protect their rights, to advance their interests, to promote their prosperity and to perpetuate those liberties which make our country at once the envy of oppressed nations and the crowning glory of mankind. Within this organization the utmost freedom is allowed—the largest liberty of sentiment—the freest expression of opinion, controlled alone by the great principles of Democracy and the usages and practices of the party. But harmony must prevail—order must be observed! The will of the organization is the will of the people! When expressed it must be respected—it must be obeyed.

Private judgment must yield to the collected judgement of the whole; and if any one should peradventure suffer an injury let him bear it with fortitude, glorying in the triumph of the organization even though he lose the prize of his ambition.

In particular do we earnestly entreat that no one shall countenance an *independent* candidate. "Independency" means opposition to the Democratic party. He who resorts to it seeks his own preferment at the expense of his friends. He seeks to disintegrate—to disorganize—to destroy. He lends himself as a willing tool to opponents of his own political associates. He is more hurtful than an avowed antagonist because he claims to be a friend, and refrains from wearing the uniform of the enemy only that he may the better accomplish his selfish purposes. His aim and desire is self-aggrandizement; and he would barter away the rights of his party that he may enjoy the emoluments of office.

In conclusion we therefore urge that harmony shall prevail—that disorganization be discountenanced, and that we adhere steadfastly to the principles and usages of our grand old Party, whose triumphs in the past give an assurance of still greater triumphs in the future.

For the Committee:

S. A. ASHE, Chairman.

C. M. BUSBEE, Secretary.

THE MOONSHINER CHIEF.—Redmond the leader of the South Carolina "Moonshiners" who are defying the United States revenue officers, is a native of Transylvania county, North Carolina, and is said to have a slight infusion of Indian blood in his veins. He is six feet tall, stoutly built, very strong, and active as a cat. About two years ago he was arrested by a Deputy United States Marshal. While on his way to jail Redmond drew a pistol which he had concealed in his boot and shot the officer dead. About a year ago he was arrested by Deputy Marshalls Barton, Gary and Hendricks, but escaped from them, took a position in ambush by the roadside and fired into the party, wounding Gary and Hendricks, the latter desperately. Afterward he went to Barton's house for the avowed purpose of killing him. Barton was away from home, and the outlaw, in searching the house, found a check for $100. He placed Mrs. Barton on a bare-backed horse, and forced her to go to Easely Station with him, cash the check and give him the money. He then coolly selected Mr. Barton's best horse and rode away to the mountains.

BEECHER AT LEAVENWORTH.—*Leavenworth, Kansas, March* 31.—Rev. Henry Ward Beecher preached in this city this morning at 11 o'clock to an audience the largest ever seen in this part of the country. He was brought down from Atchison last night upon a special train furnished by the citizens. Admission tickets were distributed among the several churches, and only those holding tickets were admitted. The Baptist church, in which the services were held, was crowded to suffocation, and hundreds holding tickets were unable to gain admission, the capacity of the church (about 1,200) not being sufficient to accommodate them all. The sermon was quite lengthy and astonishingly liberal in its views.

The report of J. Mott, Collector of the Sixth District of North Carolina, to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, shows that during the month of February, 1878, his force of special deputies went through the counties of Wilkes, Alleghany, Ashe, Watauga, Yadkin and Davie, and parts of Alexandria and Iredell, and destroyed 639 stands of mash, 63,900 gallons of beer, 21 copper stills, 670 gallons of singlings, 90 empty beer stands, 35 bushels of meal, 95 gallons of whisky and 62 illicit stills, and carried off 430 gallons of whisky, which will be offered for sale.—*Washington Post, April 2nd.*


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Particular attention paid to compounding medicines.

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We do all kinds of SHEET IRON work.

REPAIRING of any kind in our line of business executed promptly.

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Country produce taken in exchange for work or ware.

Country merchants will do well to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Thankful for past favors we solicit a continuance of the same.

GERMANTON STREET, 15 minutes walk from the court-house, Winston, N. C.

Jan 3, 1878 6m

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THE UNDERSIGNED having secured the old stand of PFOHL & STOCKTON, has filled it with a very handsome and

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Country produce taken in exchange for goods at market rates.

**E. A. EBERT**

Salem, N. C., April, 5th, 1877.—14-tf.

THE NEW WILSON

**SEWING MACHINE.**

*FUTURE CASH PRICES, from 30 to 45 DOLLARS according to Style of Furniture.*

EXTRA ATTACHMENTS FREE and freights paid to your nearest Rail Road Depot. Call and see, or address,

WHARTON & JONES,

General Agents for North Carolina.

Greensboro or Salem, N. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PIANOS Retail price $900 only $260. *Parlor Organs*, price $340 only $95. Paper free. DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J.

SWEET Chewing JACKSON'S BEST NAVY Tobacco

Awarded highest prize at Centennial Exposition for fine chewing qualities and spotless and lasting character of sweetening and flavoring. The best tobacco ever made. As our trade mark is closely imitated on inferior goods, see that Jackson's Best is on every plug. Sold by all dealers. Send for sample. C. A. JACKSON & Co., Mfrs., Petersburg, Va.

USE

**CALCICAKE,**

—OR—

**Compressed Calcimine**

For WALLS, Ceilings, etc. Ready for use by adding boiling water.

—THE—

**AVERILL PAINT.**

The new, durable, beautiful and economical paint known. Sample cards furnished free by dealers generally, or by the

AVERILL CHEMICAL PAINT CO.

32 BURLING SLIP, N. Y.

40 MIXED CARDS, with name, 10c. Agents' outfit 10c. L. JONES & CO., Nassau, N. Y.

25 Fancy Cards, Snowflake, Marble, etc., no 2 alike, with name, 10 cents. Nassau Card Co., Nassau, N. Y.

**FEMALES** DR. MARCHISI'S CATHOLICON will positively cure Female Weakness, such as Falling of the Womb, Whites, Chronic Inflamation or Ulceration of the Womb, Incident at Hemorrhage or Flooding, Painful, Suppressed and Irregular Menstruation, &c. An old reliable remedy. Send postal card for a pamphlet with testimonials, cures, and certificates from physicians and patients. D. HOWARTH & BALLARD, UTICA, N. Y. Sold by all Druggists. $1.50 per bottle.

**$25 NOW IS YOUR TIME $25**

to buy the VICTOR, THE BEST SEWING MACHINE in the world, with ALL THE ATTACHMENTS COMPLETE, for $25. WARRANTED TO GIVE PERFECT SATISFACTION.

For Circulars address REV. C. H. BERNHEIM, LEXINGTON, S. C. $25 $25

A BRIEF TREATISE ON PULMONARY DISEASES will be sent *free* to all applicants. Address OSCAR G. MOSES, 18 Cortlandt St., New York.

**SOMETHING NEW AND GOOD.**

"Perfection blend" of MOCHA and JAVA COFFEE. Not an adulterated ground Coffee, but the *choicest* COFFEE, exquisitely roasted and packed, whole, while warm! In a three pint air-tight fruit jar. All the aroma and strength retained! Consumers able to keep it in perfection until used.

FRUIT JARS SOLD AT COST.

For sale by E. A. EBERT.

Salem, N. C., Feb. 1878.

**TRUSSES!**

The Jones' Ventilated Trusses and Supporters

are the Easiest, Safest and Best in the world. Now on exhibition and for sale only by

DR. V. O. THOMPSON.

Winston, N. C., Jan. 31, 1878.—5-6m

**PUBLIC SALE.**

BY virtue of a certain mortgage deed executed to me, on the 15th day of December, 1876, by Raleigh Darnell and Mary Ann Darnell, his wife, I will sell at public auction for cash, at the door of the First National Bank of Salem, N. C., on Thursday, the 11th day of April next at 2 o'clock, P. M., a certain tract of land, containing 150 acres more or less, lying on Nestman Creek, in the county of Stokes, adjoining the lands of J. H. Carroll, S. B. Allen and others.

L. G. LASH.

March 18, 1878. tds.

**PAY UP**

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE late firm of R. A. WOMMACK & CO. will please call at the office of DOGGETT, BROS., and settle, as longer indulgence cannot be given.

# The People's Press.

THURSDAY, APRIL 11, 1878.



**JOB PRINTING, OF** *every description done at this Office, in First Class style and at reasonable rates.*


## LOCAL ITEMS.

PALM SUNDAY.—Service in the Moravian Church at 10 A. M. Confirmation at 3 P. M. In th evening, at 7, reading of the Passion Week Manual, which service will be continued every evening during the week. These meetings are of a very solemn and impressive nature.

SUNDAY SCHOOLS.—We recently visited several of the Sunday Schools of our towns, and were very favorably impressed with the management and excellent singing. The schools number 8 for white and 3 for the colored children, with four Bible classes.

WINSTON has two news depots.

EGGS have gone up to 10 cts. a dozen.

MUNICIPAL ELECTION, the first of May. Let us have a good ticket.

LAST week the Winstonians complained of dust—this week—mud.

MARTINS, comparatively few, have as yet made their appearance.

WINSTON has a barber who runs a shop exclusively for the colored folks.

SUNDAY is Palm Sunday, one week till Easter.

DOG WOOD trees are blossoming in the woods. Time to plant corn.

WE are to have another beef market soon, we hear rumored.

REFRESHING rains Wednesday week, and April showers Tuesday, 9th.

CENTRAL HOTEL turns out a neat and tastily painted omnibus.

THE apple trees now have their time at blooming.

Messrs. F. & H. FRIES are paving their factory yard with rock.

THERE are 20 Methodist Churches in Forsyth County.

LETTUCE, a spring luxury, now graces the tables of our early gardeners.

FRANK SIMMONS speaks of locating here and going into the shoe-business.

HORSES and mules are selling at very low prices throughout the country this Spring.

IT is against the law to carry concealed weapons, but many persons it seems are not aware of the fact.

THE COLORED District School will have an examination in the African Church, Friday evening.

A. FOGLE, Esq., has purchased the plantation near town known as the "Fulkerson place."

IT was a pleasant day and the several places of worship (7 in number) were well filled Sunday.

A VAULT is being erected in the Cemetery by Dr. Shaffner in the hillside fronting westward.

THE sonorous voices of the fresh fish venders still ring out on the morning air.

SCRAP PICTURE ORNAMENTS for decorating Pottery
*At the Salem BOOKSTORE.*

GOOD gardeners have plenty of work at present. The growing vegetables look thrifty and tempting.

THE boy that is not full of base ball these days, from head to foot,—just trot him out.

Miss M. HICKS bade adieu to her many friends, and left for her home in Raleigh, Tuesday morning.

BIRTHDAY and surprise parties here, there and everywhere these days, with their full share of the gay and beautiful.

DECALCOMANIA OR TRANSFER PICTURES for ornamenting Easter eggs, for sale at the SALEM BOOK STORE. ‡

S. T. MICKEY reports his peach trees yet safe from frost, with the exception of those in the low land.

THE Citizens' Reading Club will hold another of their pleasant evening "Sociables" the last Friday in April.

Rev. C. H. WILEY preached in the Moravian Church Sunday morning, and filled the pulpit of the Presbyterian Church in the evening.

QUARTERLY MEETING of the Salem S. S. Juvenile Missionary Society was held Sunday afternoon. It's a live body and fully awake to its work.

FOR SALE.—A plantation of about 112 acres, with dwelling, stable, orchard, meadow, and within two miles of Winston. Enquire at the SALEM BOOKSTORE.

J. P. VEST, Esq., the Railroad mail agent, is attending the U. S. Court at Greensboro. C. E. Shore is filling his place *pro tem.*

FORWARD, MARCH!—hep! hep! and such like, make the Warehouses lively these nights, with the martial tread of the practicing military company.

THE house and lot, No. 7, on Church Street, sold at public auction, Friday, was purchased by the Board of Trustees of Salem congregation.

THE SENIOR CLASS, in the Salem Female Academy, have apartments with extra privileges, provided especially for their use.

FREIGHT SHIPMENTS are light. In a few weeks spring goods will come in and then Jonas, "Tink," and the rest of them will be kept busy.

SAMUEL MERRIL, the well known gas man of Raleigh, spent Sunday among his many Salem friends. Was the guest of E. A. Ebert, Esq.

THE I. O. O. G. Templars we learn intend giving, during Court Week, the well known play of "Ten Nights in a Bar-Room."

NEW POST OFFICES have been established at Pleasantville, Rockingham county, and at Holman's, in Davie county.

PRIME CLOVER SEED, ORCHARD and other Superior Grass Seeds for sale by
H. D. LOTT,
Salem, N. C.

OUR Silver Cornet Band have been favored with and accepted another call. This time to the Trinity College Commencement, which exercises take place about the middle of June.

One case was before the Mayor this week for disturbing the peace and quiet of the town, — and fined $10 and costs. A warning to others who may feel disposed to do likewise.

CALLED HOME.—Miss Fannie Owens, a pupil in the Academy, was suddenly called to her home in Atlanta, Ga., Sunday evening, by a telegram announcing the severe illness of her father.

THE steeple shaped platform in the public square, which excited so much curiosity, was used by Mr. H. A. Linebach in obtaining photographic views of Salem Female Academy.

YADKIN COUNTY contributed two more to the penitentiary roll last week: Zach. Jefferson, convicted of rape, for 10 years and Jess Evans, for larceny, 3 years.

THOSE of our farmers favoring sheep husbandry, should read report of the Department of Agriculture on last page The fatality among sheep by ravages of worthless dogs, is appalling.

THE CORNETTO serenaders, out Saturday night with their new fangled instruments, to say the most, was anything but a concord of sweet sounds, and not likely to sooth the savage breast with dulcet tones.

POTATOES.—Extra Early Vermont and Early Rose Potatoes. The best early potatoes. For sale by
H. D. LOTT,
Salem, N. C.

SOME CALF.—Mr. Noah Kimel, of Davidson county, killed a fine calf, 5 weeks and 3 days old, a few days since, weighing dressed, 81 pounds. This was the fattest veal brought to this market in a long time.

HENRY WATSON, col., helped himself to an express package at the depot, Thursday, containing a $15 pair of boots and was trying to dispose of them at reduced rates, when the officers got wind of it, and recovered the property, but Henry "lit out."

SCHOOLHOUSE BURNT.—On Thursday evening of last week, after recess, Eagle Hill Schoolhouse, in Davidson county, was burnt, with all the contents, books, furniture, slates, &c.

A house is up again, and school commenced Monday.

BUIST'S FRESH GARDEN SEEDS.
PUREST IN THE MARKET.
Diploma of Honor awarded by the U. S. Centennial Commission for their Superiority and Purity.
5 cents a paper. For sale by
H. D. LOTT,
Salem, N. C.

READING ROOM. — Citizen's Reading Club officers for the ensuing term, were elected as follow, at a meeting on Friday night:

*President*—C E Crist.
*Vice-President*.—W T Vogler.
*Secretary*.—J H Shultz.
*Treasurer*.—Jno. Schott.
*Custodian*.—Reuben Chitty.

S. E. ALLEN, of the Hardware Store, in Winston, who studies closely the wants of our Farmers, knowing that the season for hay making is near at hand, has ordered, and is now receiving, a large invoice of No. 1 PITCHFORKS and RAKES, which he is selling at prices to suit the times. †

WHAT NEXT?—Monday, while Michael Sears, of Yadkin County, was returning home, he was stopped, a short distance from town, by a negro, who asked him to change a ten dollar bill, and while complying with the request the darkey suddenly snatched the money from Sears' hands and made off—Sears gave chase, and after a lively race succeeded in overtaking the fellow, getting back his money and turning the thief over to the authorities.

The above is only an instance of several similar cases which have occurred to our knowledge, and the question arises, what next.

UNIFORM.—The Winston Light Infantry have selected as a uniform, the regular cut-a-way coats, (spike-tailed) and pants, of West Point Cadet Grey, trimmed with black stripes. The same style of uniform is worn by several of the State Light Infantry companies, and presents a very neat appearance.

THE Spring time of the year has come, and with it new styles and fashions. If any one desires to have him a suit made up tip-top, we refer him to one of 25 years' experience in the Merchant Tailoring business, Robert D. Johnston, of Winston, N. C., who guarantees satisfaction to all who may favor him with an order. Advertisement in another column.

ON April 7th, 13 persons, 9 by confirmation and 4 by baptism, were received into full communicant membership of the Moravian congregation at Friedberg; and, God willing, on April 20th, 5 more will be received at Eden Chapel, same congregation. I will report from Macedonia, next week.

J. B. LINEBACK, Pastor.
Friedberg, April 9th.

WE were shown at the Hardware Store, in Winston, the other day, an article that should be in every family. It costs but a trifle, and is just the thing every housewife who has to contend with dull carving knives should have. We allude to those Liliputian Grind Stones. Husbands make a note of this, and don't let your wives worry themselves any longer trying to carve with dull knives, but call on ALLEN and purchase one of these useful little helps.

ON Easter Sunday the services at Friedland will begin at 9 o'clock, A. M., by going to the graveyard, to be followed immediately by preaching; and on the next day, Easter Monday, there will be a Sunday School pic nic at the same place.

Sunday School addresses will be delivered by Rev. E. Rondthaler, John H. Clewell, and others.

THE WATER SUPPLY COMPANY have dug a race along Bath Branch, to furnish power for forcing water into the reservoir to be built near Fogle Bros. Saw Mill. The water will be distributed by pipes through the town, having ample fall to carry it anywhere. When completed, Salem will be better supplied with water than any town of its size in the State.

BAD BOY.—Two small colored boys, ten or twelve years of age, children of Fred Crews, a well known and thrifty man, residing in the Eastern part of the county, were ditching in a meadow, a few days since, when a neighbor colored boy, son of Jane Jordan, having a six shooter, slipped up near them and fired twice at them, the second shot taking effect in the side of one of the children, inflicting a dangerous wound. At last accounts the wounded boy was still in a critical condition.

HIRSHAW & CO., Winston, N. C., is the headquarters for Fertilizers and Seeds. These gentlemen deal largely in both, of the best quality, and sell at prices to suit the hard times. If you desire any thing of the kind, remember that Hinshaw & Co., is the place to get fair dealing and bargains. Read the double ad. in another column.

"IN the midst of life, we are in death." And so it was on last Sunday, when W. W. Mourus breathed his last at his residence a few miles from town. The deceased, for several years past, filled the position of Deputy Sheriff of this county and officer of the Grand Jury, in a very acceptable manner.

Also on last Friday, Mr. FARER died of consumption, in this place. His remains were interred with masonic honors, in the cemetery, Sunday. The deceased was a printer by trade and returned from his labor in the South some months since in a very feeble state of health.

FROM WAUGHTOWN.—Mr. Green Newsom, of our town, has opened a Brick Yard, near Sunny Side. Finds clay good and plentiful and will soon be ready to burn a kiln.

Sam R. Jenkins, well known as the clever driver of Barrow & Beck, has been at home some two weeks, sick with pneumonia, but is getting better and will soon take up the reins again. Dr. Siewers was the attending physician, and has been very successful in the treatment of pneumonia in our town this winter.

Wheat is looking well. Mr. P. E. Light has a field looking particularly fine.

The Waughtown graveyard has been enlarged and the graves are being fixed up more than usual.

Several of our friends have gone West. Hope they will enjoy their visit, and in due time return.

Our townsman, Sam J Nissen, is becoming rather "zoologiecal." He has two young deer, a pair of fine young shepherd dogs, a natural pacing pony and a pair of fine chickens. W.

### Davidson County.

THE POOR HOUSE.—The *Record* represents that establishment in good condition. It says: "The buildings are in good repair and are neatly kept. The yard, which is well swept and clean, has lately been enclosed by a new fence, and the whole appearance of the place reflects credit on the county and the management of Mr. Burkhart, the efficient warden. There are [illegible] inmates—fewer than have been there for some time—and all to whom we spoke were well pleased with the fare and treatment."

JUDGE WILSON.—At a Democratic meeting in Lexington on the 16th of April, to select delegates to nominate a solicitor and to recommend a nomination for judge for this district, it was resolved that because of his high qualifications, his experience, and the debt that the Democratic party owes him, Judge T. J. Wilson, of Winston, is the choice of Davidson for Judge.—*Record*

COUNTY CONVENTIONS.—We learn from the *Record* that, on account of the numerous aspirants for county offices and the Legislature, a County Convention is deemed necessary to settle the matter and secure the success of the Democratic party. The Democratic majority in the county is only 150, and a division in the ranks would very likely lead to defeat.

### Stokes County.

The following is the list of Jurors for the Spring term of Stokes county Superior Court, 1878:

FIRST WEEK.

A H Durham, John E Reade, M R Banner, Isaac Neal, J W Vaughn, Joseph Jessup, P R Davis, E Y Payne, W A Ward, N G Samuel, John H Carroll, W H Smith, S W Richardson, C J Carroll, I D Flynt, Z L Wall, Wm F Grabbs, W P Alley, Joel D Jackson, J W Pitzer, Charles E Moore, T J Boze, Lee Rierson, Sam'l Blackburn, John H Gibson, H C Lackey, James M Burge, W B Taylor, John Hawkins, Wm Morefield, G D Turner, G W Merit, Henry George, James Shafer.

SECOND WEEK.

A J Hill, Sam M Jessup, Wm Newsom, J H Leake, L J Duncan, Wm Willis, W A Shaffer, J B Vaughn, Jr, J T Shelton, Jas P Allen, J P Smith, L E Grabbs, G A Moore, W G Blancet, Robt Richardson, John Neal, W P Hutcherson, A C Rhodes.

PUBLIC MEETING.—We learn from the Danbury *Reporter* that at an informal meeting held at Danbury, the object being to select delegates to represent Stokes in the Yadkin Convention, for the purpose of nominating candidates for Judge and Solicitor of the District, the delegates were instructed to cast their votes for Thomas J Wilson, of Forsyth, for the Judgeship.

Time of holding the County Democratic Nominating Convention was fixed for Tuesday in first week of Superior Court; townships to be represented by delegates.

Townships are requested to hold their primary meetings and select delegates to attend said county convention, to nominate a candidate for the Legislature and each of the county offices.


### "German Syrup."

No other medicine in the world was ever given such a test of its curative qualities as Boschee's German Syrup. In three years two million four hundred thousand small bottles of this medicine were distributed *free of charge* by Druggists in this country to those afflicted with Consumption, Asthma, Croup, severe Coughs, Pneumonia and other diseases of the Throat and Lungs, giving the American people undeniable proof that German Syrup will cure them. The result has been that Druggists in every town and village of the United States are recommending it to their customers. Go to your Druggist, and ask what they know of it. Sample bottles 10 cents. Regular size 75 cents. Three doses will relieve any case


## THE MARKETS.

| | |
|---|---|
| BACON AND LARD: | |
| Western Sides, | 7 to 8 |
| Country, | 8 to 10 |
| Shoulders, | 7 to 8 |
| Hams, | 10 to 11 |
| Lard, | 10 to 12 |
| GRAIN: | |
| Corn, | 50 to 60 |
| Wheat, | $1 00 to 1 20 |
| Oats, | 40 to 00 |
| Flour (per 100 lbs.) | 2 00 to 2 50 |
| Meal, " " " | 50 to 75 |
| Chops, " " " | 50 to 75 |
| Rice, Carolina, | 10 to 12 |
| Flax Seed per bush., | 1 00 to 0 00 |
| PRODUCE | |
| Apples, green, | 75 to 000 |
| Eggs, | 00 to 10 |
| Butter, | 15 to 20 |
| Feathers, | 40 to 50 |
| Beeswax, | 20 to 25 |
| Potatoes, Sweet, | 50 to 75 |
| " Irish, | 75 to 1 00 |
| Hay, | 40 to 50 |
| Orchard Grass (per bushel) | 3 25 |
| Millet Seed (per lb.) | 8 |

### Winston Tobacco Market.

REPORTED BY A. B. GORRELL,
Dealer in Leaf Tobacco.

| | |
|---|---|
| Lugs, Dark | $ 2 00 to $ 3 00 |
| " Red | 3 00 to 4 00 |
| Bright Lugs, Common, | 4 00 to 6 00 |
| " " Good, | 6 00 to 10 00 |
| " " Fancy, | 12 00 to 18 00 |
| Red Leaf Common | 3 00 to 4 50 |
| " " Good | 5 00 to 8 00 |
| " " Fine | 8 00 to 12 00 |
| Dark Wrappers | 10 00 to 15 00 |
| Bright Wrappers, Common, | 12 50 to 16 65 |
| " " Medium, | 16 00 to 20 00 |
| " " Fine | 20 00 to 30 00 |
| " " Fancy | 35 00 to 50 00 |
| Mahogany Wrappers | 18 00 to 45 00 |

According to quality.

All desirable grades, and especially bright and good mahogany wrappers are quite scarce—and very much sought after. Too much care cannot be taken at this season of the year, to market your tobacco in good keeping order.

CHARLOTTE, April 5.—Flour $2 80 a $3 per sack. Wheat $1 25 a $1 30. Corn 55c. Bacon 6½c. Butter 18 a 20c. Eggs 8 a 10c.

FAYETTEVILLE, April 3.—Bacon 6½ a 8½c. Flour $3 a $5 50. Corn 70c. Wheat $1 25 a $1 40. Oats 55c a 60c. Lard 9 a 10. Whisky $2 00 a $2 25. Br ndy $2 25.

NEW YORK, April 8.—All kinds of produce declining and dull.

BALTIMORE, April 8.—Flour 4 a 4½; wheat $1.25 a $1.36. Corn 51 a 53.


REIDS SEEDS. Send $1 for 35 *pkts. Flower Seeds*, 15 for 50c., 7 for 25c., or 25 *pkts. Veg'e* for $1. 12 for 50c. THE FLORAL TRIBUTE, a 100 page Floral work with **colored plate, 10c.** with either of the above packages seeds, two years **free.** Stamps good as cash.
**W. H. REID, Rochester, N. Y.**

CARPETS, CARPETS,
# CARPETS.

THE people of this vicinity have long felt the necessity of having a larger and better assortment of Carpets to select from than has ever been kept in the place before. *That want is now fully supplied.* We have secured the exclusive use of

**Richardson's Carpet Exhibitor,**

A WONDERFUL INVENTION
for showing Carpets; a brief description of the use of which we give below.

With the use of the CARPET EXHIBITOR, we show from a Sample just how the Carpet looks on a very large room, multiplying the Sample a thousand times, matched and shown as perfect as when the carpet is made up and nailed upon the floor. In this way we are now prepared to show you a

NEW YORK WHOLESALE STOCK.

We have made special arrangements with one of the *Largest Houses* in New York, to fill all our orders for Carpets, and will show you a larger assortment to select from than has ever been kept outside of a wholesale house,

We keep samples of all

NEW AND DESIRABLE PATTERNS,

which *are not kept in stock* outside of large cities. This way of buying Carpets has now *become popular*, and we show what you would otherwise have to go to New York to find. We can sell as cheap for *cash* as you can buy for *cash* in New York, and there being no remnants to take off the profits, we are enabled to sell on a very small commission, and most respectfully invite the public to examine our stock, and satisfy themselves.

IF YOU WANT A CARPET

of any dimensions, bring a correct measure of your room and we guarantee to suit you.

Please call and see us, whether you wish to buy or not, as it is no trouble to show goods.

**PATTERSON & CO.,**
CARPETS, DRY GOODS and GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
**Main Street, Salem, N. C.**

## Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Family Physic, and for curing Costiveness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Foul Stomach, Breath, Headache, Erysipelas, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, Biliousness, Dropsy, Tumors, Worms, Neuralgia, as a Dinner Pill, for Purifying the Blood,

Are the most effective and congenial purgative ever discovered. They are mild, but effectual in their operation, moving the bowels surely and without pain. Although gentle in their operation, they are still the most thorough and searching cathartic medicine that can be employed: cleansing the stomach and bowels, and even the blood. In small doses of one pill a day, they stimulate the digestive organs and promote vigorous health.

AYER'S PILLS have been known for more than a quarter of a century, and have obtained a world-wide reputation for their virtues. They correct diseased action in the several assimilative organs of the body, and are so composed that obstructions within their range can rarely withstand or evade them. Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of everybody, but also formidable and dangerous diseases that have baffled the best of human skill. While they produce powerful effects, they are, at the same time, the safest and best physic for children. By their aperient action they gripe much less than the common purgatives, and never give pain when the bowels are not inflamed. They reach the vital fountains of the blood, and strengthen the system by freeing it from the elements of weakness.

Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates, containing neither calomel nor any deleterious drug, these PILLS may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar-coating preserves them ever fresh, and makes them pleasant to take; while being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

PREPARED BY
**Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,**
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

WE ARE NOW RECEIVING OUR
## SPRING STOCK,
and offer to our friends the newest and most fashionable
**STYLES OF DRESS GOODS,**
PRINTS, FANCY GOODS, NOTIONS, HOSIERY, TABLE LINENS, &c., &c., &c.
Zeigler's fine
SHOES
for Ladies and Children,
And many other fresh and useful goods at greatly reduced prices.
PATTERSON & CO.
Salem, N. C., March 12, 1878.

D. R. LEAK. T. A. WILSON.

**WINSTON**
**MARBLE & GRANITE WORKS!**

The undersigned respectfully announce that they have opened a first-class
**MARBLE & GRANITE YARD.**
Where they are prepared to furnish
**MARBLE HEADSTONES, MONUMEMTS, TOMBSTONES, MANTELS,**
&c., &c., &c.
Granite Work for Building and Graveyard purposes. All Monuments and Tombs executed in the FINEST STYLE. None employed but
SKILLED WORKMEN.
Orders from a distance solicited and promptly filled at prices that cannot be undersold. Designs sent to any one on application, free of charge. Country produce of all kinds taken in exchange for work. All work warranted. Address
**LEAK & WILSON.**
Winston, N. C., August, 1877.—no.30.

## SETTLE UP.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons having accounts due, that I am in need of money, and hereby request them to come forward promptly and pay up. All accounts not settled up by the 1st day of March, 1878, will be charged with interest.
MRS. T. B. DOUTHIT.
Salem, N. C., Feb. 7, 1878.

## ROBERT D. JOHNSTON,
**Fashionable Merchant Tailor,**
**Winston, N. C.,**
Keeps constantly on hand a fine line of Foreign and Domestic Cloths, Cassimeres and Suitings.
TWENTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE AS A CUTTER
in New York City, and in this State, enables him to guarantee satisfaction in all goods made to order.
**PRICES MODERATE.**

## HEADQUARTERS
—FOR—
## THE BEST FERTILIZERS AND SEEDS!
ALLISON & ADDISON'S
**"Star Brand"**
Complete TOBACCO and Complete CORN and WHEAT MANURE!
THIRTEEN YEARS' EXPERIENCE AND EXTENDED EXPERIMENTS HAVING satisfied us that the use of fertilizers prepared especially for each staple crop is sound policy and true economy, we will hereafter confine ourselves to the manufacture and sale of the above special manures, which several years' trial has shown to be all that could be desired for the crops for which they are made.

**HOME REFERENCES.—We refer with pleasure to more than 150 of the best farmers in Forsyth, Guilford, Stokes, Patrick, Henry, Wilkes, Yadkin, Iredell, Davie, Davidson and Rowan counties, who used it last year.**

**THEY ALL SAY IT IS THE BEST THEY EVER USED!**

It is the highest grade fertilizer yet made. We also keep fresh GROUND PLASTER, $1.50 per bag of 200 lbs., $14.00 per ton; No. 1 PERUVIAN GUANO, $65.00 per ton cash. WE DO NOT KEEP ANY LOW GRADE PERUVIAN GUANO. COMPLETE TOBACCO MANURE, $50.00 per ton cash; $57.50 on crop lien, payable January 1st, 1879. No extra charge for recording mortgages, &c.
We solicit a continuance of your patronage.
ALLISON & ADDISON, MANUFACTURERS, RICHMOND, VA.
HINSHAW & CO., GENERAL AGENTS, WINSTON, N. C.
April 11. 15-2m

J. R. PIERCE. P. H. HANES, BRO M.
Of Lash's Warehouse. Of P. H. Hanes & Co. Of Brown & Bro.

## LEAF TOBACCO.
## LASH'S WAREHOUSE,
1877. WINSTON, N. C. 1877.
**Industry, Competition and Close Application to Business**
WITH A FIXED PURPOSE TO STAND BY THE FARMER'S INTEREST.

Having taken full control of LASH'S WAREHOUSE, we hope by STRICT PERSONAL ATTENTION TO BUSINESS, to merit a continuance of the liberal patronage this House has always enjoyed.
☞ We strive to please our patrons. COME AND SEE US when you visit Winston. YOUR FRIENDS,
**PIERCE, HANES & BROWN.**
December 6, 1877—6 mo.

## NOTION & VARIETY STORE,
**SOUTH SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE,**
**SALEM, N. C.**

LADIES:
Anticipating a fine trade this season, we have bought largely, and now have the pleasure of inviting your attention to
**AN ATTRACTIVE SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK**
at prices surprisingly cheap.
A beautiful line of Galloon and Hercules Braids, Ball and other Worsted Fringes, so much in demand for Cloak and Dress Trimmings.
Newest styles in Buttons, Gloves, Hosiery, Ribbons, Laces, Neckwear, &c.
A full line of Zephyrs, Germantown and Shetland Wools always on hand.
Have just added to our Stock a nice line of Perfumeries, Hair Oils, &c.
We call particular attention to our beautiful line of Glass and Lava Ware, suitable for Christmas and Birthday presents *just received*, consisting of Toilet Setts, Vases, Card Stands.
☞ Those at a distance will be amply repaid by a visit to our Store.
In the selection of Goods the interest of the customer is kept constantly in view, knowing that taking care of those who buy of us is equivalent to taking care of ourselves, that is, winning our customers' confidence and their continued patronage.
Respectfully,
tf. **J. BLICKENDERFER.**

M. W. NORFLEET. T. L. VAUGHN
## PIEDMONT WAREHOUSE,
FOR THE
## SALE OF LEAF TOBACCO,
**WINSTON, N. C.**
The Largest and Best Lighted House in the State.
NORFLEET & VAUGHN.
November 29, 1877. 6 mos.

A NEW STOCK OF
## Spring and Summer Goods
AT MRS. DOUTHIT'S.
SPRING AND SUMMER, 1878.

HAVING OPENED A NEW AND SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of Goods in my line, I offer them at such prices as bring them within the means of all to purchase the LATEST STYLES of NEW SPRING AND SUMMER HATS AND BONNETS, SASHES, RIBBONS, FRENCH AND AMERICAN FLOWERS, LACES AND EDGINGS, RUFFS AND RUFFLING. A large assortment of
LADIES' TIES, LINEN AND LACE COLLARS,
KID & BERLIN GLOVES, BRAIDS & SWITCHES, HOSIERY & CORSETS.
**NOTIONS.**
COLGATE'S FINE TOILET SOAPS, and many other articles in my line.
A lot of best twilled SILK PARASOLS and SUN PROTECTORS, SHETLAND WOOL FRINGE, &c., &c.
Mrs. Douthit returns thanks for the very liberal encouragement received, and hopes to be able to please her friends and the public in future.
Salem, N. C., Oct. 25th, 1877.

# POETRY.

## EYES.

Sweet baby eyes,
That look around with such a grave surprise,
What do you see?
A strange new world where simplest things
Engender wild images
And fancies free?
A resting place that is not come—
A paradise wherein to roam
For years maybe?
Oh! placid, wondering baby eyes!
The mystery that in you lies
Oft puzzles me.

Clear, boyish eyes,
Whose fearless glare unconsciously defies
Troubles and care,
When Babyhood is past and gone,
What is it that you gaze upon?
A land most fair—
A sunny shore with pleasure rife—
And that great glorious gift of life,
'Tis bliss to share!
Oh! happy, trustful, boyish eyes!
Let sages envy, fools despise
The faith you wear.

The anxious eyes
Of Manhood, slowly piercing earth's disguise,
Discover—what?
That life at best is quickly done,
That hopes fulfilled and wishes won
Are dearly got;
That shad ws chased in headlong haste,
And golden fruit he strove to taste,
Delight him not;
Oh! restless, doubting, troubled eyes!
To learn in sorrow to be wise
Is Manhood's lot.

Dim, aged eyes,
Gazing across the wreck of broken ties,
What do they see?
Behind—dead leaves that withered fall;
A fading wilderness where all
Is vanity;
Before to gladden weary sight,
A glimpse, a promise of the bright
Eternity.
Oh! dim and tearful aged eyes,
If waiting till that dawn shall rise,
Blessed are ye!

# HUMOROUS.

### A Dreadful Mistake.

She gave him a beautifully worked pair of slippers, and, although they were an inch too short, and pinched him dreadfully across the toes, he smilingly submitted to the martyrdom which they imposed, and vowed they should never leave his feet.

The reckless statement must be received by the reader with becoming cautiousness.

And so the young man made a return of her offering. It was his picture, encased in a handsome frame. He wrote a note to send with it, and, at the same time replied angrily to an oft-repeated dun from his tailor, with reference to an unpaid-for suit of clothes. He gave a boy ten cents to deliver the package and notes, giving explicit directions as to the destination of each. It was an unusually intelligent boy, with freckled face, and he discharged his errand in a manner that should give him a niche in the temple of fame. The young lady received a note in her adored one's handwriting, and flew to her room to devour its contents. She opened the missive, with eager fingers, and read:

"I'm getting tired of your everlasting attentions. The suit is about worn out, already. It never amounted to much, anyway. Please go to thunder."

And the tailor was struck utterly dumb when he opened a package and discovered the picture of his delinquent customer, and a note that said:

"When you gaze upon these features, think how much I owe to you."

When the unfortunate young man called around that evening to receive the happy acknowledgements of his sweetheart, he was very ostentatiously kicked off the steps and over the fence by the young lady's father, and the next morning he was waited upon by his tailor's lawyer, and imperatively ordered to settle or suffer.

There is one less freckle faced boy in the city; he has suddenly and mysteriously disappeared.

---

A poor but thoroughly educated physician met one day in London, near Charing Cross, a rich and popular quack, one of that class who grow rich by speculating on the gullibility of human nature in the matter of curatives. "How is it," said the poor physician, "that you are so prosperous, while I, who know myself to be as thoroughly master of my profession as we both know that you are not, am barely able to eke out a subsistance?" "I will tell you, said the rich quack.—"How many persons have passed us while we have been talking?" "Perhaps a hundred," was the reply.—"And how many of that hundred THINK?" "Probably, not more than one." "Well, you get that one; I the other ninety-nine."

---

A Minneapolis boy was sent by his teacher, a woman, to the superintendent to be whipped. The lad suspected the contents of the note and hired a boy he met on the street to deliver it, giving him ten cents. The superintendent didn't discover till after the castigation was over that the boy he had flogged had not seen the inside of a school house for a month.

---

A man was earnestly looking in the bung-hole of a whisky barrel, as if in search for something he could not find. "What are you doing?" asked a by-stander. "Why, I am seeking my reputation in the place I lost it." was the mournful reply.

---

A devout woman took her baby to church. The voice of the preacher waked the child into screams. "Do not go," said the minister, "the baby does not disturb me." "That may be," said the mother, still retreating, "but you disturb the baby."

CHROMOS Cheap, Cheaper, Cheapest At the BOOKSTORE.

# AGRICULTURAL.

### The Agricultural Interests of Our State.

The report on the general condition of the agricultural interests of North Carolina, from returns made to the State Department of Agriculture, is one of the most valuable and instructive pamphlets issued from that Department. Circular letters of inquiry were sent out to correspondents in every county, and from the answers to the questions—27 in number—the facts and data were collected. Only 4 counties failed to make returns.

Of the 90 counties reporting, 64 produce cotton. Of these forty-four estimate the yield of last year to be less than that of 1876, and of these thirty-six report an average decrease of twenty-eight per cent. In twelve counties, the yield is estimated to be about the same, while in eight an increase is reported. The average of the estimated cost of production per pound throughout the sixty-four counties, is 8 11-12 cents.

The average yield per acre of tobacco in the forty-two counties reporting it, is about six hundred pounds. Estimated cost of production is not given.

Forty-eight counties produced an ample supply of bread and meat and forage for stocks, and of these twenty-one report a surplus. Twenty others report a supply of grain and forage, but not a sufficiency of meat, while the remaining twenty-two report a general deficiency.

One county reports no small grain. One reports no wheat, but a largely increased acreage in oats. Two report a smaller acreage than in 1676. Thirteen estimate the acreage as about the same, while seventy-three gave an increased acreage, varying from 25 per cent. to 200 per cent.

In eighty-nine counties sheep could be raised profitably, and the average cost per head of keeping them through the winter does not exceed 50 cents. In fifty six counties sheep husbandry would at once engage the attention of the farmers, and could be made very remunerative, but for the presence of worthless sheep-killing dogs.

Four counties report that they do not desire immigration, and eighty-six respond strongly in the affirmative,

There is no system recognized in the employment of farm laborers—the three plans usually practiced prevailing to a greater or less extent in all sections of the State viz: for wages—on shares—or as "renters." In eighty-four counties the lands under the management of freedmen deteriorate, while in two they improve, and in three they remain about the same. As farmers, in six counties there is no marked change in their condition. In fifteen they are improving, and in sixty-eight they are not improving.

In forty-one counties farmers are generally free from debt, and are improving financially, while in forty-five they are much depressed.—In the four remaining counties, while they have a supply of forage, grain and meat, money is reported scarcer than since the war.

While it is not claimed that these estimates are thoroughly accurate, yet they may be accepted as approximately correct. They were prepared with care, and furnished by not less than one hundred and fifty correspondents, representing ninety counties, and whose observation and experience during the past twelve years gave them other data than mere theory from which to draw conclusions.

Although the aggregate yield of our cotton crop is considerably less than in 1876, still our farmers have been compelled to sell at an average price for all grades, not exceeding the average cost of its production.—Those who in their crop system wisely provided for an ample store of home supplies, are not so seriously embarrassed by the narrow margin in profits as allowed by the prices which have ruled the market during the season. The remarks of the various correspondents on sheep-raising are valuable in relation to an industry which could so easily be made avaible as an element of wealth and prosperity. According to the United States census, we had in our State 546,749 sheep in 1860 In the year 1870 we had 463,435—a decrease of 83,314 in ten years. They can be raised cheaply and profitably in at least ninety counties in the State, and instead of the number given above we should have not less than two millions. Under our laws sheep are taxed as property, but worthless sheep-killing dogs are protected as property, and are exempt from taxation, and the consequence is, that hundreds of thousands are kept an annual expense of millions to our people, while our limited number of sheep is constantly diminishing under their ravages. It is to be hoped that the demand from fifty-six counties for protective laws for sheep-husbandry will be so strengthened by public sentiment throughout the whole Stae, that our next Legislature cannot disregard it.

### Farm Notes and Hints.

Separate your calves or yearlings from the herd of cattle, and give them an extra feed from this to grass.

There are more than 150 named varieties of wheat, but in many cases the distinctions between them are very slight.

The female canker worm ascends apple trees early in the Spring—frequently in warm March—to lay her eggs.—Look out for her.

According to the last census returns nearly one hundred and fifty million bushels of potatoes were produced in the United States last year.


VEGETINE
FOR
Chills, Shakes,
FEVER AND AGUE

TARBORO N. C., 1873.

MR. STEVENS:—

*Dear Sir*:—I feel very grateful for what your valuable medicine, Vegetine, has done in my family. I wish to express my thanks by informing you of the wonderful cure of my son; also, to let you know that Vegetine is the best medicine I ever saw for *Chills, Shakes, Fever and Ague*. My son was sick with measles in 1873, which left him *Hipjoint* disease. My son suffered a great deal of pain, all of the time; the pain was so great he did nothing but cry. The doctors did not help him a particle, he could not lift his foot from the floor, he could not move without crutches. I read your advertisement in the "Louisville Courier-Journal," that Vegetine was a great Blood Purifier and Blood Food. I tried one bottle, which was a great benefit. He kept on with the medicine, gradually gaining. He has taken eighteen bottles in all, and he is completely restored to health, walks without crutches or cane. He is twenty years of age. I have a younger son, fifteen years of age, who is subject to *Chills*. Whenever he feels one coming on, he comes in takes a dose of Vegetine and that is the last of the *Chill*. Vegetine leaves no bad effect upon the system like most of the medicines recommended for *Chills*. I cheerfully recommend Vegetine for such complaints. I think it is the greatest medicine in the world.

Respectfully, MRS. J. W. LLOYD.

VEGETINE — When the blood becomes lifeless and stagnant, either from change of weather or of climate, want of exercise, irregular diet, or from any other cause, the VEGETINE will renew the blood, carry off the putrid humors, cleanse the stomach, regulate the bowels, and impart a tone of vigor to the whole body.

VEGETINE.
FOR
Dyspepsia, Nervousness and General Debility.

BERNARDSTON, MASS., 1878.

We, the undersigned, having used Vegetine, take pleasure in recommending it to all those troubled with *Humors* of any kind, *Dyspepsia, Nervousness*, or *General Debility*, it being the Great Blood Purifier. Sold by R. L. Crowell & Sons, who sell more of it than all other patent medicines put together.

MRS. L. F. PERKINS,
MRS. H. W. SCOTT,
JOSEPHUS SLATE.

VEGETINE is the great health restorer—composed exclusively of barks, roots, and herbs. It is very pleasant to take; every child likes it.

VEGETINE.
FOR
NERVOUS HEADACHE
And Rheumatism.

CINCINNATI, O., April 9 1877.

H. R. STEVENS, Esq.,

*Dear Sir*:—I have used your Vegetine for *Nervous Headache*, and also for *Rheumatism*, and have found entire relief from both, and take pleasure in recommending it to all who may be likewise afflicted.

FRED. A. GOOD, 108, Mill St., Cin.

VEGETINE has restored thousands to health who had been long and painful sufferers.

VEGETINE.
DRUGGISTS' TESTIMONY.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:—

*Dear Sir*:—We have been selling your remedy, the Vegetine, for about three years, and take pleasure in recommending it to our customers, and in no instance where a blood purifier would reach the case, has it ever failed to effect a cure, to our knowledge. It certainly is the *ne plus ultra* of renovators.

Respectfully,
E. M. SHEPHERD & CO., Druggists,
Mt. Vernon, Ill.

It is acknowledged by all classes of people to be the best and most reliable blood purifier in the world.

VEGETINE
Prepared by
H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.
Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists.

LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE,
AN ILLUSTRATED MONTHLY OF
*Literature, Science and Art.*
ANNOUNCEMENT FOR 1878.

With the number for January, this magazine begins its twenty-first volume During the ten years of its existence it has won a high place in periodical literature, and its conductors will spare no efforts in the future to maintain its reputation, constantly aiming to supply their patrons with a fund of
The Best and Most Attractive Reading.
EMBRACING
SERIAL & SHORT STORIES, SKETCHES, OF TRAVEL AND ADVENTURE, ESSAYS ON POPULAR QUESTIONS OF THE DAY, POEMS, REVIEWS, etc., etc., etc.

Among the attractions for the new year, the publishers would call attention to the SERIAL NOVELS, embracing "FOR PERCIVAL," a charming story of English life, handsomely illustrated, and A NEW AMERICAN STORY, by ELLEN W. OLNEY, the talented author of "Love in Idleness," which will be commenced on the conclusion of "For Percival."

A series of ILLUSTRATED ARTICLES, embracing several on SOUTH-EASTERN EUROPE, (including *Bulgaria* and *Roumania*,) by Edward King; Descriptions of OLD ENGLISH TOWNS, by able contributors; Descriptions of Parts of SWEDEN, by Professor JAMES A. HARRISON; Sketches of Life in NORWAY, by OLIVE LOGAN; Some Account of the ITALIAN LAKES, by ROBERT A. MCLEOD, etc.

Papers on FRENCH LIFE AND MANNERS, by HENRY JAMES, Jr.; THE WIND RIVER COUNTRY (especially interesting on account of the Indian troubles) by Gen. J. S. BRISBIN, U.S. A.; JUDGE NICHOLAS of Kentucky, by PAUL R. SHIPMAN; and on various subjects by S. WEIR MITCHELL, M.D., Sarah B. Wister, Edward C. Bruce, Rev. LEONARD W. BACON, and others.

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The Serial Story "For Percival," having been commenced in October, the numbers for OCTOBER, NOVEMBER and DECEMBER will be furnished gratuitously to all new subscribers for 1878.

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In effect on and after Sunday, Nov. 11, 1877.

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| *Meal Stations. | No 1 Daily. | No. 3 Daily. |
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| Leave Greensboro, | 5 05 p m | 8 26 a m |
| Arrive at Salisbury, | 7 17 p m | 10 21 a m |
| " Air-Line Junct'n, | *8 55 p m | *12 00 p m |
| " Charlotte | 9 23 p m | 12 25 p m |

No. 1—Connects at Air Line Junction for Atlanta and all points in the South and South west; At Charlotte with C. C. & A. R. R. for all points in the South and Southeast and Florida points.

No 3—Connects at Salisbury with W. N. C. R. R., for all points in Western North Carolina; at Charlotte with C C. & A. R R. for Columbia and South, and A. & C. A. Line for Atlanta and the Southwest.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

| *MEAL STATIONS. | No. Daily. | No. 4 Daily. |
|---|---|---|
| Leave Greensboro | 11 16 a m | 10 41 p m |
| Arrive at Danville, | 1 12 p m | 12 50 a m |
| Ar. Burkeville. | 5 14 p m | 4 40 a m |
| Ar. Belle Isle | * 7 20 p m | *7 05 a m |
| Ar. Richmond, | 7 45 p m | 7 30 a m |

No. 2.—Connects at Burkeville with A. M. and O. R. R. for Petersburg, etc.; at Belle Isle with Richmond, Fredricksburg and Potomac R. R., for all points North, East and West; At Richmond with C. & O. R. R, for all points West.

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| Arrive Raleigh, | 4 10 p m. | ..... |
| Leave Raleigh, | 4 20 p. m. | 9 30 a.m. |
| Arrive Goldsboro. | 8 45 p. m. | 12 00 m. |
| TRAINS GOING WEST | No. 1 Daily | No. 3 Daily |
| Leave Goldsboro, | 7 30 a. m. | 4 00 p. m. |
| Arrive at Raleigh | 12 10 p m | 6 30 p m |
| Leave Raleigh, | 12 20 p m | ..... |
| Arrive Greensboro. | 4 52 p m | ..... |

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Of the story element, the brightest feature is the beginning of the new serial by Miss ALCOTT, entitled "Under the Lilacs," with illustrations by Mary Hallock Foote.

The Christmas Number contains also the opening of a new Serial Story for Boys, a tale of tropical life, entitled "Tower-Mountain," by GUSTAVUS FRANKENSTEIN, admirably illustrated by the artists Moran and Kelly; "A Portrait of Miss Alcott," with a sketch of her life; several poems by Two Little American Girls; a Play, and a Christmas Carol (set to music); and half a dozen complete short stories, bright, funny, exciting and pathetic, &c., &c.

The New Cover is by the English Artist, WALTER CRANE,—the famous designer of The Baby's Opera.

St. Nicholas for 1878.

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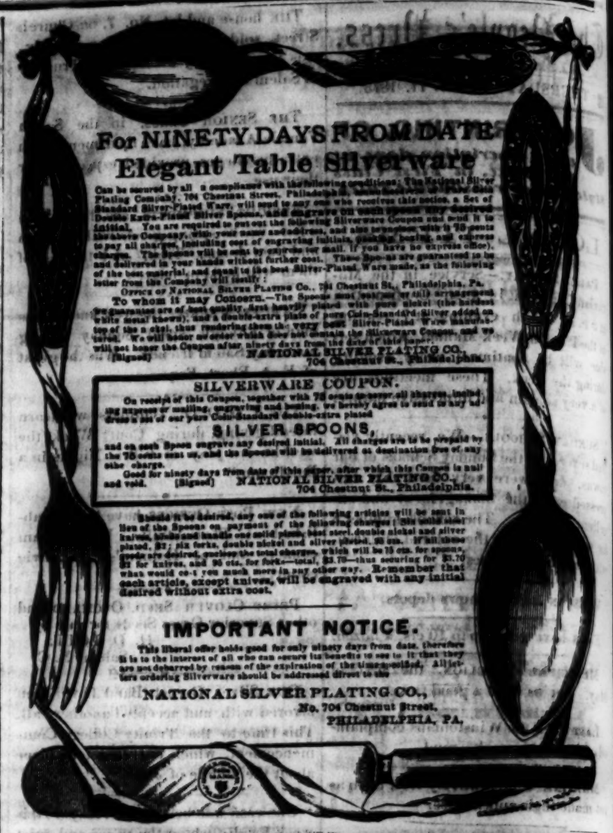
Salem, N. C. November, 1877.

THE CAMPBELL PRESS.

1877.





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